Business Organisation *A. Ayesha Siddiqua*

WHAT IS A BUSINESS ORGANISATION ?



The term "business organization" refers to how a business is structured.

It refers to a commercial or industrial enterprise and the people who constitute it.

TYPES OF BUSINESS ORGANISATIONS

- Sole Proprietorship
- Joint Hindu Family Business
- Partnership Firm
- Joint stock Company
 - Private Limited
 - Public Limited
- Co-operative Society

SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP

When the ownership and management of a business are in control of one individual the form of business is called sole proprietorship.

- The business enterprise is owned by one single individual (Both profit and risk belong to him)
- Owner is the manager
- Owner is the only source of capital
- The proprietor and business enterprise are same in the eyes of law

JOINT HINDU FAMILY BUSINESS

- Comes into existence as per the hindu inheritance act of india.
- This form of business found only in india.
- All members of the hindu undivided family[HUF] own the business jointly.
- The affairs of the business are managed by head of the family called 'karta' .All other members are called 'Co-parceners'.

PARTNERSHIP FIRM

- Minimum 2 number of partners and maximum 20 partners.
- The relation between the partners is created in the form of a contract.written contract is called 'partnership deed'.
- The firm means partners, the partners mean the firm.
- The profit is divided in any as ratio as agreed.
- No partner can sell / transfer his interest in the firm to anyone without the consent of other partners.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY

- Voluntary association.
- Minimum membership requirement is 10.
- There is no maximum limit.
- Registration is must under the "Co-operative societies Act".
- After the registration it enjoys certain privileges of a joint stock company.

JOINT STOCK COMPANY

A joint stock company is a voluntary association of people who contribute money to carry on business.



THANK YOU